### **PAPER • OPEN ACCESS**

# Photodissociation of protonated Leucine-Enkephalin peptide in the VUV range

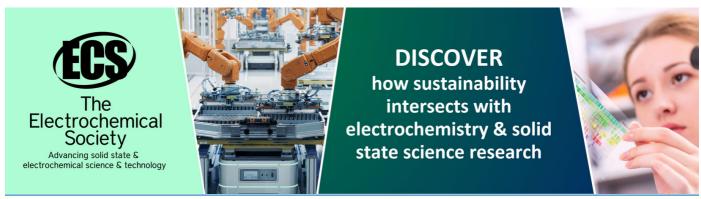
To cite this article: M Lj Ranković et al 2015 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 635 112030

View the <u>article online</u> for updates and enhancements.

## You may also like

- The effect of opioid leu-enkephalin on the agranulocyte link of the blood system in animals with hypothyroidism under stress D V Garmaeva, D S Adushinov, A I Kuznetsov et al.
- Energy levels and quantum states of [Leulenkephalin conformations based on theoretical and experimental investigations Salim Abdali, Morten Ø Jensen and Henrik Bohr
- MoS<sub>2</sub>-enabled dual-mode optoelectronic biosensor using a water soluble variant of μ-opioid receptor for opioid peptide detection

Chawina De-Eknamkul, Xingwang Zhang, Meng-Qiang Zhao et al.



## Photodissociation of protonated Leucine-Enkephalin peptide in the VUV range

M. Lj. Ranković<sup>1\*</sup>, V. Cerovski<sup>1</sup>, F. Canon<sup>2</sup>, L. Nahon<sup>3</sup>, A. Giuliani<sup>3,4</sup> and A. R. Milosavljević<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Institute of Physics Belgrade, University of Belgrade, Pregrevica 118, 11080 Belgrade, Serbia <sup>2</sup>INRA, UMR1324 Centre des Sciences du Goût et de l'Alimentation, F-21000 Dijon, France <sup>3</sup>SOLEIL, l'Orme des Merisiers, St Aubin, BP48, 91192 Gif sur Yvette Cedex, France <sup>4</sup>INRA, UAR1008, CEPIA, Rue de la Géraudière, BP 71627, 44316 Nantes, France

Synopsis We present results of VUV action spectroscopy of gas-phase protonated Leucin-Enkephalin peptide. The experiment has been performed by coupling a linear quadrupole ion trap with a synchrotron radiation VUV beamline.

Recent development of experimental methods that use electrospray ion source (ESI) to bring macromolecules into gas phase and collect the ions in an ion trap, which is coupled to bright synchrotron radiation sources, has allowed the investigation of large biopolymers (proteins and nucleotides) under well-defined conditions. These studies can provide more detailed insight into fundamental properties of biopolymers and their interaction with high energy photons.

We present the results of VUV photon action spectroscopy of Leucin-Enkephalin (Leu-Enk) peptide in 5-15 eV energy domain. This peptide has been studied with wide range of spectrometry techniques and has become a standard biomolecular target [1].

The experiment has been performed at the beamline DESIRS [2] of the synchrotron radiation facility SOLEIL near Paris, France. More details about the experimental setup can be found in recent publications [3, 4]. Briefly, precursor ions [Leu-Enk+H]<sup>+</sup> were produced by ESI and injected into the ion trap from the front were irradiated monochromatized VUV photon beam, during 500 ms from the back side of the ion trap. After irradiation all ion fragment species were ejected from the ion trap and tandem mass spectra (MS<sup>2</sup>) as a function of the photon energies were recorded. Leu-Enk molecules were provided from Sigma Aldrich and dissolved in water/acetonitrile at 10 µM.

Photodissociation ion yields were extracted from the MS<sup>2</sup> and normalized to the total ion current and the photon flux. The ion yields show spectroscopic structure allowing the studying of absorption-like bands of the peptide. Figure 1 shows the relative ion yield of one of the backbone fragments. The present experimental results are in good agreement with our time dependent density functional theory (TD DFT) calculations.

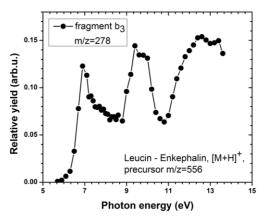


Figure 1. Relative ion yield of fragment b<sub>3</sub> from the photodissociation of precursor [Leu-Enk+H]<sup>+</sup>.

We acknowledge the support by the ANR, France, under project ANR-08-BLAN-0065. A.R.M. and M.LJ.R. acknowledge support by the MESTD RS (Projects No. 171020). The SOLEIL synchrotron radiation facility is acknowledged for providing beamtime under project 20130388.

### References

- [1] S. Bari et al 2011, J. Chem. Phys. 18 134, 024314.
- L. Nahon et al 2012, J. Sync. Rad. 19, 508 520.
- [3] A. Milosavljević et al 2011, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. 13, 15432-15436.
- [4] A. Milosavljević et al 2012, J. Sync. Rad. 19,

<sup>\*</sup> E-mail: mrankovic@ipb.ac.rs