OPEN ACCESS

Effectiveness of public communication campaigns in promoting adaptation to climate change in Africa

To cite this article: Wilson Okaka 2009 IOP Conf. Ser.: Earth Environ. Sci. 6 532020

View the article online for updates and enhancements.

You may also like

- <u>Characterization and evaluation the</u> <u>acoustics parameters of Graha Sepuluh</u> <u>Nopember ITS Surabaya</u> Suyatno, B Kurnia, G Prajitno et al.
- Note on Contributed Abstract Classification
- Analysis of mathematical abstraction on concept of a three dimensional figure with curved surfaces of junior high school students

N Fitriani, D Suryadi and D Darhim





DISCOVER how sustainability intersects with electrochemistry & solid state science research



This content was downloaded from IP address 3.14.255.206 on 24/04/2024 at 12:00

IOP Conf. Series: Earth and Environmental Science 6 (2009) 532020

P53.06 Effectiveness of public communication campaigns in promoting adaptation to climate change in Africa Wilson Okaka

Kyambogo University, Teacher Education & Development Studies, Kampala, Uganda

The objectives, strategies, and approaches of effective public communication campaigns can immensely influence the audiences' knowledge, attitudes, perceptions, and behaviour towards climate change adaptation in Africa. The paper uses Uganda's case to discuss the urgent need for a rapid adaptation to climate change in Africa. Climate change is one of the loudest emergencies on the continent. It calls for credibility, transparency, efficiency and effectiveness, if Africa has to combat it disastrous impacts successfully. The objectives of the paper are: [1] to discuss the role of communication campaigns in bridging the current information gaps by creating, raising, developing, and sustaining public awareness in Uganda and the African Union [AU]; [2] to explain the role of communications campaigns in empowering the key climate change adaptation stakeholders: parliament, central and local government environment committees, civil society and the private sector, the media, local communities, judiciary, and the international development partners for capacity building in Uganda and the AU; [3] to discuss the role of the key stakeholders in enhancing widespread access to ICTs in promoting climate change communication for sustainable development in the Africa; and [4] to present the national climate change adaptation experiences, strategies, challenges, activities, and knowledge transfer to achieve and enhance adaptation capacity in Uganda at local, community, district, and national levels in Uganda. The article is based on the current national environment policy, climate change action plans and projects, national plan for 2035, current communication research, professional practice, and research findings. Results indicate that there is still very low awareness and access to ICTs in Africa, hence the urgent need to increase ICTs infrastructure, and fixing the current connectivity turbulences on the continent. Data gaps, chronic poverty, cancerous corruption, legal and policy bottlenecks, still hamper the effective use of communication campaigns to implement national environment management policy goals, strategies, and objectives in Uganda and the rest of Africa. The campaigns can help enforce compliance with the national environmental laws, policies, and international Climate Change protocols in Africa. The following conclusions can be tentatively drawn: effectiveness of the campaigns will dramatically speed up the planned climate change adaptation activities in Africa, Asia, and South America. The mass media is the most efficient means of creating, raising, developing, and sustaining public awareness – which is a precondition- for the adaptation to climate change innovations in Uganda and the rest of Africa. Effective communication campaigns will design, implement, and evaluate climate change policy awareness goals, strategies, objectives, and adaptation.